Pest Profile



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Common Name: Apple Sucker Psyllid

Scientific Name: Psylla mali Schmidberger

Order and Family: Homoptera, Psyllidae

Size and Appearance:

| | Length (mm) | Appearance |
|-------------|--------------|--|
| Egg | | ovalpale orange |
| Larva/Nymph | | yellow flat red eyes nymphs are blueish-green partially formed wings wings, legs and antennae are cloudy eyes are dull white |
| Adult | 3.5 – 4.0 mm | bright, almost transparent green transparent wings, legs and antennae large white eyes |

Type of feeder (Chewing, sucking, etc.): Piercing-sucking

Host plant/s: Apple and Hawthorn are the main hosts.

Description of Damage (larvae and adults):

Larvae hatch at the end of April and feed on the buds, then suck the sap from leafstalks, peduncles, leaves, and flower buds. Nymphs feed on the lower side of leaves. Major damage is in the destruction of apple blossoms and can cause serious decrease in yield with a large population.

References:

Berim, M. N. *Psylla mali*. Interactive Agricultural Ecological Atlas of Russia and Neighboring Countries. 2009. Retrieved from <u>http://www.agroatlas.ru/en/content/pests/Psylla_mali/</u>

Cacopsylla mali. British Bugs. 2009. Retrieved from http://www.britishbugs.org.uk/homoptera/Psylloidea/Psylla_mali.html