Pest Profile



Photo credit: David Keith & Tim Miller, UNL Entomology Extension

Common Name: Fall Cankerworm

Scientific Name: Alsophila pometaria

Order and Family: Lepidoptera, Geometridae

Size and Appearance:

	Length (mm)	Appearance
Egg	1.0 mm	 dark grayish-brown with a dot and a ring on top
Larva/Nymph	25.0 mm (mature larvae)	 vary between light green and dark brownish-green have white lines running down their body from the head to the tip of the abdomen dark-brownish green caterpillars have a black stripe the length of their back
Adult	25.0 – 35.0 mm (male wingspread) 10.0 – 12.0 mm (female)	 males are small, have wings, and are grayish color with some white lines along the wings females have a grayish colored body and wingless
Pupa (if applicable)		yellow to yellow-green in colorwrapped in a silken cocoon

Type of feeder (Chewing, sucking, etc.): Chewing (caterpillar)

Host plant/s: black cherry, basswood, red and white oaks, beech, ash, boxelder, elm, sugar and red maples

Description of Damage (larvae and adults):

When the larvae are young, they eat on the underside of the leaves, making the leaf appear skeletonized. As the larvae get older, they cause more damage by eating almost the whole leaf. In some cases, the damage is to the extent of defoliation of the tree, especially in severe cases of outbreaks. Sometimes in bad outbreaks, these caterpillars can defoliate many trees.

References:

- Ciesla, M, W. & Asaro, C (2016) Fall Crankerworm. Forest Insect & Disease Leaflet 182. Published by U.S. Department of Agriculture- Forest Service. Portland, Oregon.
- Cranshaw, W. (2014). Garden Insects of North America: The Ultimate Guide to Backyard Bugs. Princeton University Press.
- Fall Cankerworm (Department of Entomology). (n.d.). Retrieved from https://ento.psu.edu/extension/factsheets/fall-cankerworm
- Tony-2, Cotinis, Roberts, D. J., Ceiseman, (2005 October 31). Species Alsophila pometaria Fall Cankerworm Moth Hodges#6258. Retrieved February 3, 2016, from http://bugguide.net/node/view/35918
- Wagner, D. L. (2005). Caterpillars of Eastern North America: A Guide to Identification and Natural History. Princeton University Press.